

QUESTION 1. A certain function  $f$  having continuous derivatives satisfies  $f(0) = 0, f(10) = 0$  and  $f'(0) = -5$ . **TRUE or FALSE?** There is an  $x$  between 0 and 10 for which  $f'(x) = -1/2$ .

ANSWER: TRUE.

SOLUTION: Draw the line joining  $(0, f(0))$  to  $(10, f(10))$  and observe that the slope of this line is 0. By the MEAN value theorem there must be a point between 0 and 10 such that  $f'(x_*) = 0$ . Now  $f'(x)$  takes the value  $-5$  at  $x = 0$  and 0 at  $x_*$ , and we are told  $f'(x)$  is continuous. Apply the INTERMEDIATE value theorem to  $f'(x)$  to get that  $f'(x)$  takes on every value between  $-5$  and 0 as  $x$  travels between 0 and  $x_*$ . Since  $-1/2$  is between  $-5$  and 0 get that there is some  $x_{**}$  between 0 and  $x_*$  with  $f'(x_{**}) = -1/2$ . Finally, note that  $0 < x_{**} < 10$ .

QUESTION 6.

TRUE or FALSE?

$$\frac{1}{1 + \frac{2}{1 + \frac{3}{4}}} < 1/3$$

ANSWER: TRUE

SOLUTION 1 : The fraction on the right hand side is similar to  $\frac{1}{1+2} = \frac{1}{3}$ . The strange fraction is of the precise form  $\frac{1}{1+\frac{2}{a}}$  where  $a = \frac{1}{1+\frac{3}{4}}$ . If  $a > 1$  then  $2/a < 2$  so  $1 + 2/a < 3$  and we have that  $\frac{1}{1+\frac{2}{a}} > 1/3$ . On the other hand, if  $a < 1$  then  $2/a > 2$  and so  $1 + 2/a > 3$  and our final fraction  $\frac{1}{1+\frac{2}{a}} < 1/3$ . Well  $1 + 3/4 > 1$  so in our case  $a = 1/(1 + 3/4) < 1$  and we are in the second eventuality: the strange fraction is less than  $1/3$ .

SOLUTION 2.  $1 + 3/4 = 7/4$ . So  $1/(1 + 3/4) = 4/7$ . So  $\frac{2}{1+\frac{3}{4}} = 2/(4/7) = 14/4 = 7/2$ . Then  $1 + \frac{2}{1+\frac{3}{4}} = 2/2 + 7/2 = 9/2$ . Finally,  $\frac{1}{1+\frac{2}{1+\frac{3}{4}}} = 1/(9/2) = 2/9 < 3/9 = 1/3$ .