

CMPSC 109 2-23-11

[1]

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- mid 2: mon 3/7
  - ass 4: due wed 3/2  
Submit dir is open.

### Templates

Ex void swap(int&x, int&y)  
{  
 int temp = x;  
 x = y;  
 y = temp;  
}

[2]  
make data type (int) into a  
"variable".

Ex. template<typename T>  
void swap(T& x, T& y)  
{  
 T temp = x;  
 x = y;  
 y = temp;  
}

in fun main()

```
int a=6, b=7; string s1=" ", s2=" ";
swap(a,b);
swap(s1,s2);
```

3

Note: "typename" is equiv. to  
"class" in this context.

Can also do:

template<typename T1, typename T2>  
:

See: swap.cpp

recall:

int a=6, b=7;

double c=8.1, d=9.2;

swap(a,b); swap(c,d);

swap<int>(a,b); swap<double>(c,d);

swap<int>(c,d);

```
// swap.cpp
#include<iostream>
using std::cout;
using std::endl;
using std::string;

// swap(): interchanges two values of any type
template<typename T>
void swap(T& x, T& y)
{
    T temp = x;
    x = y;
    y = temp;
}

int main()
{
    int a = 2, b = 3;
    double c = 4.5, d = 6.7;
    char e = 'q', f = 'r';
    string s1 = "happy";
    string s2 = "sad";

    cout << a << " " << b << endl;
    swap(a, b);
    cout << a << " " << b << endl;

    cout << c << " " << d << endl;
    swap(c, d);
    cout << c << " " << d << endl;

    cout << e << " " << f << endl;
    swap(e, f);
    cout << e << " " << f << endl;

    cout << s1 << " " << s2 << endl;
    swap(s1, s2);
    cout << s1 << " " << s2 << endl;

    return 0;
}

// output:
// 2 3
// 3 2
// 4.5 6.7
// 6.7 4.5
// q r
// r q
// happy sad
// sad happy
```

```
// max.cpp
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

// max(): maximum of two values of any type
template<typename T>
T const& max (T const& a, T const& b)
{
    return a < b ? b : a;
}

// max(): maximum of three values of any type
template <typename T>
T const& max (T const& a, T const& b, T const& c)
{
    return ::max (::max(a,b), c);
}

int main()
{
    cout << ::max(7, 42, 68)      << endl; // calls the template for three
    arguments
    cout << ::max(7.0, 42.0)     << endl; // calls max<double> (by argument
    deduction)
    cout << ::max('a', 'b')      << endl; // calls max<char> (by argument
    deduction)
    cout << ::max(7, 42)         << endl; // calls max<int> (by argument
    deduction)
    cout << ::max<double>(7, 42) << endl; // calls max<double> (no argument
    deduction)

    return 0;
}

// output:
// 68
// 42
// b
// 42
// 42
```

## class Templates:

Precede with:

Can be "class"

Template< typename T >  
!

e.g.

```
template< typename T >
class blah
{
    !
    // defines that use T
    !
}
```

Can declare different flavors  
of blahs

LS

read:  
blah-of-int

Ex.

blah<int> bi;

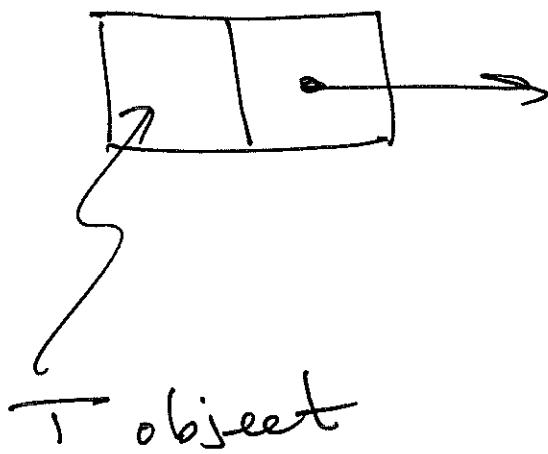
blah<double> bd;

blah<string> bs;

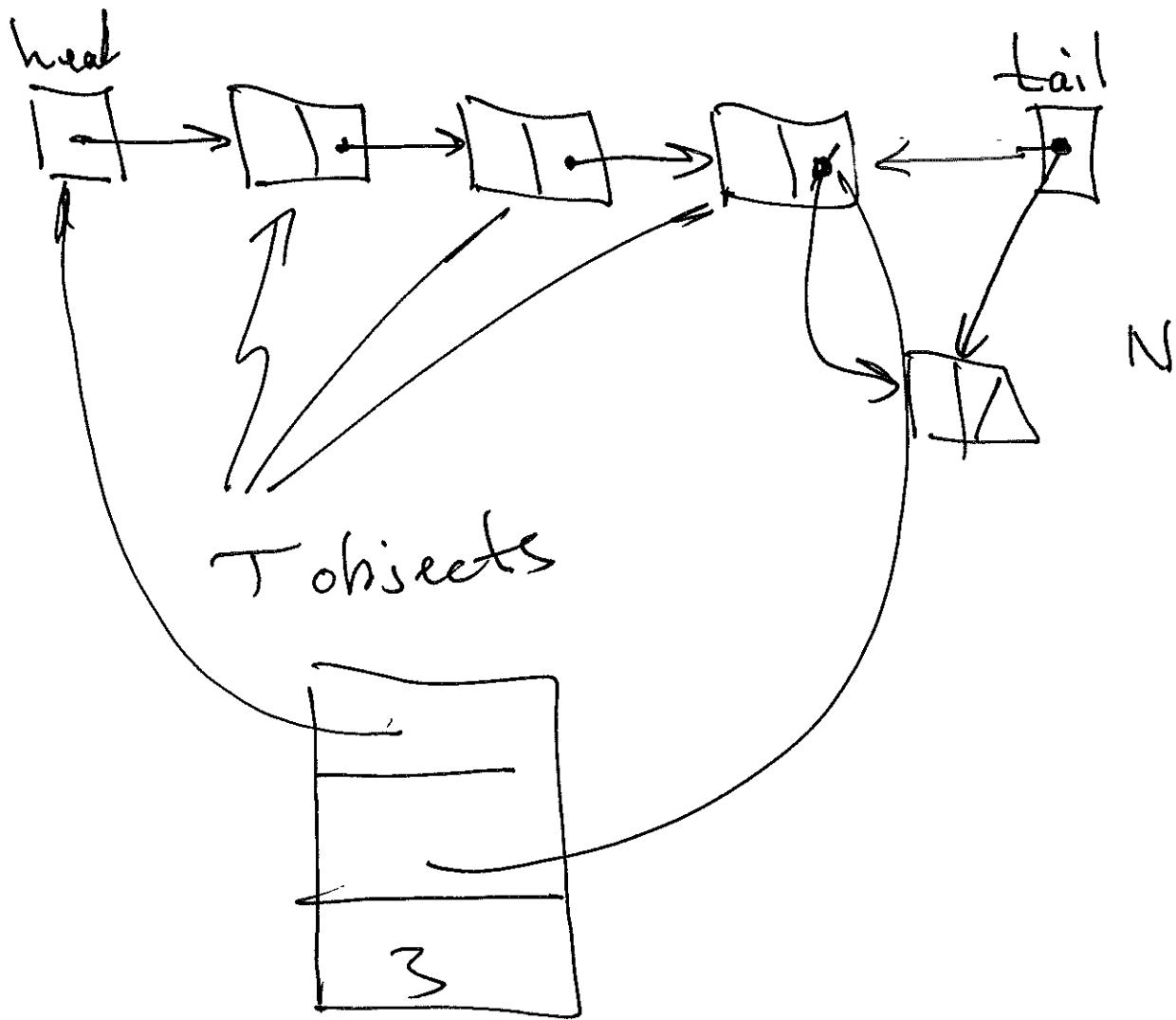
blah<blah<string>> bbs;

must have space  
here

Node



$T_{object}$



```
// file: List.cpp
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

// Node
template<typename T>
class Node
{
public:
    Node();
    Node(T value) {data = value;};
    ~Node() {};

    // operations on Node<T>
    void setNext(Node<T>* N){next = N;};
    Node<T>* getNext(){return next;};
    T getData(){return data;};

private:
    T data;
    Node<T>* next;
};

// List
template<typename T>
class List
{
public:
    List() {length=0; head=0;};
    ~List() {};

    // operations on List<T>
    void appendToLast(Node<T>* pN);
    void deleteFirst();
    void print();

private:
    int length;
    Node<T>* head;
    Node<T>* tail;
};

// List<T>::appendToLast()
// appends N to tail of list.
template<typename T>
void List<T>::appendToLast(Node<T>* N)
{
    if(length==0) // List is empty.
    {
        N->setNext(0);
        head=tail=N;
    }
    else
    {
        N->setNext(0);
        tail->setNext(N);
        tail=N;
    }
    length++;
}
```

*tail = 0;*

```
// List<T>::deleteFirst()
// deletes head of List
// Pre : length != 0
template<typename T>
void List<T>::deleteFirst()
{
    if(length==0) // List is empty
    {
        cout << "Error: calling deleteFirst() on empty List" << endl;
        exit(1);
    }

    if(length==1)
    {
        delete head;
        head = tail = 0;
    }
    else
    {
        Node<T>* N = head;
        head = head->getNext();
        delete N;
    }
    length--;
}

// List<T>::print()
// prints the data field for each Node
template<typename T>
void List<T>::print()
{
    Node<T>* N=head;
    int i;

    for(i=1; i<=length; i++)
    {
        cout << N->getData() << " ";
        N = N->getNext();
    }
    cout << endl;
}

int main()
{
    List<string> L;

    L.appendToLast(new Node<string>("one"));
    L.appendToLast(new Node<string>("two"));
    L.appendToLast(new Node<string>("three"));
    L.appendToLast(new Node<string>("four"));
    L.deleteFirst();

    L.print();

    return 0;
}

// output:
//
// two three four
```